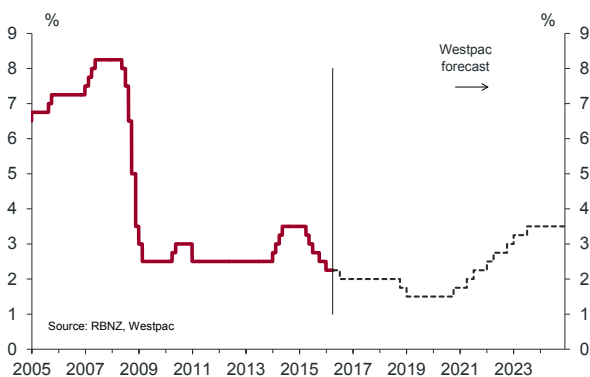


# Hold fire

## June 2016 MPS Review: RBNZ on hold at 2.25%

- The Reserve Bank left the Official Cash Rate unchanged at 2.25% today.
- The RBNZ still believes that another rate cut is more likely than not in the coming months.
- But with economic conditions improving recently, the RBNZ shared our assessment that it was worth waiting a bit longer to make that call.
- We continue to expect one more OCR cut this year, at the August Monetary Policy Statement.
- The strength of the New Zealand dollar is a downside risk for the RBNZ's inflation forecasts, while strong credit growth is an upside risk.

### Westpac OCR forecast



The Reserve Bank left the Official Cash Rate unchanged at 2.25% in today's *Monetary Policy Statement*. Both the decision and the tone of the statement were much in line with what we proposed in our preview last week. The RBNZ still seems inclined to cut the cash rate again this year, taking it to a new low of 2%. But with the recent evidence on the economy proving to be a bit more inflation-positive, the Reserve Bank felt it was worthwhile awaiting more evidence to verify that the final rate cut is needed.

We don't have any reason to quibble with the RBNZ's assessment, as our economic forecasts are very similar to theirs over the near term. We continue to expect one further OCR cut this year, most likely at the next *MPS* in August. But the risks around that forecast are skewed to the upside – that is, the OCR is more likely to remain at 2.25% than to fall below 2% this year. The data between now and August – which will include June quarter inflation and employment – will be critical to the case for or against further easing.

Financial markets reacted as we would have expected, given that they were factoring in around a one-in-four chance of a rate cut today. Interest rate markets are now pricing only around an 80% chance of a further rate cut this year, while the New Zealand dollar rose a cent to 0.7110. The strength of the exchange rate – which is already a good 5% ahead of the starting point of the RBNZ's projections – will certainly bolster the case for a further rate cut in August, if it is sustained.

As we expected, the RBNZ appears to have upgraded its assessment of the economy since March, but not quite enough to warrant a change in its published forecasts or its signal on future monetary policy moves. The bottom line of the media release was identical to the last two statements:

*“Monetary policy will continue to be accommodative. Further policy easing may be required to ensure that future average inflation settles near the middle of the target range. We will continue to watch closely the emerging flow of economic data.”*

Similarly, the 90-day interest rate projection was identical to March, flattening out at 2.1%. This was consistent with one more OCR cut in this cycle, but with no hints about the timing.

However, the statement was sprinkled with more upbeat observations compared to March and April. In particular, the RBNZ is clearly more comfortable about the outlook for inflation over the near term. Inflation is still expected to remain subdued for a while longer, not reaching 2% until the end of 2017. But with oil and other commodity prices now heading higher, inflation is forecast to be more comfortably back within the 1-3% inflation target range next year.

That in turn reduces the risk that low inflation becomes embedded in people's expectations. Surveyed inflation expectations fell sharply earlier in the year – a key motivation for the OCR cut in March – and were steady in the latest quarter. The RBNZ believes these expectations will rise again as headline inflation returns to the target range.

The RBNZ even went as far as warning of the risks of forcing a faster return to the inflation target:

*“In the Bank’s judgement, more monetary stimulus than projected, to return inflation to target a little sooner, would generate more volatility in non-tradables inflation and output than is necessary. In addition, the PTA directs the Bank to also have regard to financial stability. The high level of house prices relative to incomes in Auckland, and the recent increase in house price inflation in many parts of the country, is a concern from this perspective, and will continue to warrant close attention.”*

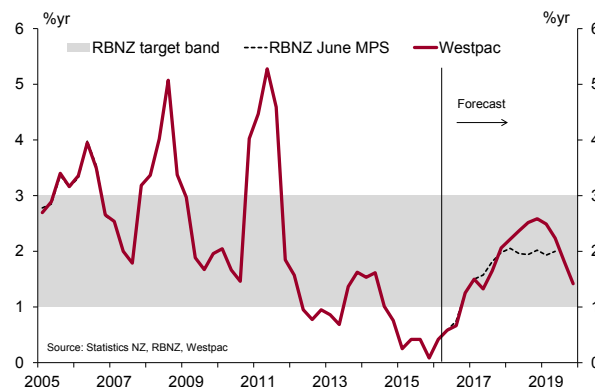
The RBNZ also appears more comfortable with the international environment, in particular the extent to which it feeds through into market volatility and the cost of funding from overseas. The RBNZ notes that even though the March OCR cut wasn't fully passed on, mortgage rates have fallen in outright terms, and “are providing significant impetus to the outlook for domestic demand”.

## Alternative scenarios

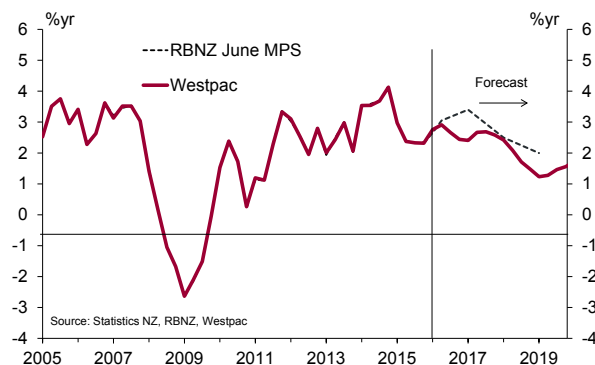
As in recent *Monetary Policy Statements*, the RBNZ included two alternative scenarios for monetary policy. In the first, the NZD trade-weighted index remains steady for years, rather than gradually falling as in the central forecast. In the second, house price inflation is significantly stronger than in the central forecast, prompting a surge in growth in household spending. In the exchange rate scenario, the RBNZ proposes that the OCR would fall to 0.75%. And in the house price scenario the RBNZ proposes reversing course and hiking the OCR above 3%.

A casual observer might regard the RBNZ's proposed responses to these scenarios as surprisingly large. But these large policy responses may be due to a technical issue – the RBNZ seems to have effectively switched off any feedback effects in its modelling. For example, the exchange rate scenario involves the TWI flat-lining above 72 despite the OCR falling to 0.75% for an extended period. Such a combination would be an extraordinary turn of events – little wonder that it would warrant a large monetary policy response. The same applies to the house price scenario, which involves a red-hot housing market despite rising interest rates.

## CPI inflation forecasts



## GDP growth



These alternative scenarios do not imply that the RBNZ would slash the cash rate dramatically if the TWI lingers above 72 over the next few months. The sensitivity of the RBNZ's OCR forecast to short-term exchange rate surprises is much more modest. And as we've witnessed in the last two OCR reviews, the reasons for the exchange rate's strength matter – the RBNZ would be more prepared to tolerate a strong exchange rate if local economic conditions have genuinely improved.

That said, the level of the TWI today, should it persist, is one argument in favour of an August OCR cut.

### Dominick Stephens

Chief Economist

### Michael Gordon

Senior Economist

## Westpac economics team contact details

**Dominick Stephens**, Chief Economist  
+64 9 336 5671

**Michael Gordon**, Senior Economist  
+64 9 336 5670

**Satish Ranchhod**, Senior Economist  
+64 9 336 5668

**Anne Boniface**, Senior Economist  
+64 9 336 5669

**David Norman**, Industry Economist  
+64 9 336 5656

Any questions email:  
economics@westpac.co.nz

## Disclaimer

**Things you should know:** Each time someone visits our site, data is captured so that we can accurately evaluate the quality of our content and make improvements for you. We may at times use technology to capture data about you to help us to better understand you and your needs, including potentially for the purposes of assessing your individual reading habits and interests to allow us to provide suggestions regarding other reading material which may be suitable for you.

If you are located in Australia, this material and access to this website is provided to you solely for your own use and in your own capacity as a wholesale client of Westpac Institutional Bank being a division of Westpac Banking Corporation ABN 33 007 457 141 AFSL 233714 ('Westpac'). If you are located outside of Australia, this material and access to this website is provided to you as outlined below.

This material and this website contain general commentary only and does not constitute investment advice. Certain types of transactions, including those involving futures, options and high yield securities give rise to substantial risk and are not suitable for all investors. We recommend that you seek your own independent legal or financial advice before proceeding with any investment decision. This information has been prepared without taking account of your objectives, financial situation or needs. This material and this website may contain material provided by third parties. While such material is published with the necessary permission none of Westpac or its related entities accepts any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of any such material. Although we have made every effort to ensure the information is free from error, none of Westpac or its related entities warrants the accuracy, adequacy or completeness of the information, or otherwise endorses it in any way. Except where contrary to law, Westpac and its related entities intend by this notice to exclude liability for the information. The information is subject to change without notice and none of Westpac or its related entities is under any obligation to update the information or correct any inaccuracy which may become apparent at a later date. The information contained in this material and this website does not constitute an offer, a solicitation of an offer, or an inducement to subscribe for, purchase or sell any financial instrument or to enter a legally binding contract. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance. The forecasts given in this material and this website are predictive in character. Whilst every effort has been taken to ensure that the assumptions on which the forecasts are based are reasonable, the forecasts may be affected by incorrect assumptions or by known or unknown risks and uncertainties. The ultimate outcomes may differ substantially from these forecasts.

Transactions involving carbon give rise to substantial risk (including regulatory risk) and are not suitable for all investors. We recommend that you seek your own independent legal or financial advice before proceeding with any investment decision. This information has been prepared without taking account of your objectives, financial situation or needs. Statements setting out a concise description of the characteristics of carbon units, Australian carbon credit units and eligible international emissions units (respectively) are available at [www.cleanenergyregulator.gov.au](http://www.cleanenergyregulator.gov.au) as mentioned in section 202 of the Clean Energy Act 2011, section 162 of the Carbon Credits (Carbon Farming Initiative) Act 2011 and section 61 of the Australian National Registry of Emissions Units Act 2011. You should consider each such statement in deciding whether to acquire, or to continue to hold, any carbon unit, Australian carbon credit unit or eligible international emissions unit.

### **Additional information if you are located outside of Australia**

**New Zealand:** The current disclosure statement for the New Zealand division of Westpac Banking Corporation ABN 33 007 457 141 or Westpac New Zealand Limited can be obtained at the internet address [www.westpac.co.nz](http://www.westpac.co.nz). Westpac Institutional Bank products and services are provided by either Westpac Banking Corporation ABN 33 007 457 141 incorporated in Australia (New Zealand division) or Westpac New Zealand Limited. For further information please refer to the Product Disclosure Statement (available from your Relationship Manager) for any product for which a Product Disclosure Statement is required, or applicable customer agreement. Download the Westpac NZ QFE Group Financial Advisers Act 2008 Disclosure Statement at [www.westpac.co.nz](http://www.westpac.co.nz).

**China, Hong Kong, Singapore and India:** Westpac Singapore Branch holds a wholesale banking licence and is subject to supervision by the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Westpac Hong Kong Branch holds a banking license and is subject to supervision by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority. Westpac Hong Kong branch also holds a license issued by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission (SFC) for Type 1 and Type 4 regulated activity.

**Disclaimer continued overleaf.**

## Disclaimer continued

Westpac Shanghai and Beijing Branches hold banking licenses and are subject to supervision by the China Banking Regulatory Commission (CBRC). Westpac Mumbai Branch holds a banking license from Reserve Bank of India (RBI) and subject to regulation and supervision by the RBI.

**U.K.:** Westpac Banking Corporation is registered in England as a branch (branch number BR000106), and is authorised and regulated by the Australian Prudential Regulatory Authority in Australia. WBC is authorised in the United Kingdom by the Prudential Regulation Authority. WBC is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority in the United Kingdom. Details about the extent of our regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority are available from us on request. Westpac Europe Limited is a company registered in England (number 05660023) and is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and the Prudential Regulation Authority. This material and this website and any information contained therein is directed at a) persons who have professional experience in matters relating to investments falling within Article 19(1) of the Financial Services Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005 or (b) high net worth entities, and other persons to whom it may otherwise be lawfully communicated, falling within Article 49(1) of the Order (all such persons together being referred to as “relevant persons”). The investments to which this material and this website relates are only available to and any invitation, offer or agreement to subscribe, purchase or otherwise acquire such investments will be engaged in only with, relevant persons. Any person who is not a relevant person should not act or rely upon this material and this website or any of its contents. In the same way, the information contained in this material and this website is intended for “eligible counterparties” and “professional clients” as defined by the rules of the Financial Services Authority and is not intended for “retail clients”. With this in mind, Westpac expressly prohibits you from passing on the information in this material and this website to any third party. In particular this material and this website, website content and, in each case, any copies thereof may not be taken, transmitted or distributed, directly or indirectly into any restricted jurisdiction.

**U.S.:** Westpac operates in the United States of America as a federally licensed branch, regulated by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency. Westpac is also registered with the US Commodity Futures Trading Commission (“CFTC”) as a Swap Dealer, but is neither registered as, or affiliated with, a Futures Commission Merchant registered with the US CFTC. Westpac Capital Markets, LLC (“WCM”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Westpac, is a broker-dealer registered under the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (‘the Exchange Act’) and member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (‘FINRA’). This communication is provided for distribution to U.S. institutional investors in reliance on the exemption from registration provided by Rule 15a-6 under the Exchange Act and is not subject to all of the independence and disclosure standards applicable to debt research reports prepared for retail investors in the United States. WCM is the U.S. distributor of this communication and accepts responsibility for the contents of this communication. If you would like to speak to someone regarding any security mentioned herein, please contact WCM on +1 212 389 1269. All disclaimers set out with respect to Westpac apply equally to WCM.

Investing in any non-U.S. securities or related financial instruments mentioned in this communication may present certain risks. The securities of non-U.S. issuers may not be registered with, or be subject to the regulations of, the SEC in the United States. Information on such non-U.S. securities or related financial instruments may be limited. Non-U.S. companies may not be subject to audit and reporting standards and regulatory requirements comparable to those in effect in the United States. The value of any investment or income from any securities or related derivative instruments denominated in a currency other than U.S. dollars is subject to exchange rate fluctuations that may have a positive or adverse effect on the value of or income from such securities or related derivative instruments.

The author of this communication is employed by Westpac and is not registered or qualified as a research analyst, representative, or associated person under the rules of FINRA, any other U.S. self-regulatory organisation, or the laws, rules or regulations of any State. Unless otherwise specifically stated, the views expressed herein are solely those of the author and may differ from the information, views or analysis expressed by Westpac and/or its affiliates.

For the purposes of Regulation AC only: Each analyst whose name appears in this report certifies that (1) the views expressed in this report accurately reflect the personal views of the analyst about any and all of the subject companies and their securities and (2) no part of the compensation of the analyst was, is, or will be, directly or indirectly related to the specific views or recommendations in this report.