



A primer on Mycoplasma bovis

Last week, New Zealand's Ministry of Primary Industries (MPI) announced a plan to cull 22,300 cattle across 28 infected farms in a bid to stop the spread of mycoplasma bovis. While those directly involved in the dairy industry will now be familiar with the disease, further afield there will be less understanding of just what it is and how it is affecting New Zealand's farming sector.

Mycoplasma bovis is a bacterium that affects cattle. It was officially discovered in New Zealand in July 2017, though there is speculation (and some evidence) that it could have been around for several years before this. Infected cattle can develop mastitis, pneumonia, arthritis and late term abortions. However, it can also lie dormant, presenting no symptoms and only becoming apparent during times of stress - making it difficult to detect. Mycoplasma bovis is an issue for the health of cattle and milk production, but doesn't present any food safety risks. It is already present in many other countries such as Australia, UK and the US. New Zealand's outbreak has largely been concentrated in the South Island, with just one North Island property testing positive.

On the farms where mycoplasma bovis has been confirmed, the impact has clearly been devastating for individual farmers, businesses and the wider community. While farmers will qualify for compensation under the Biosecurity Act, there are already complaints about how long the compensation process is already taking, as well as uncertainty about just what compensation farmers will be eligible for. In addition to this uncertainty, the loss of many years' worth of improvements in breeding stock and the stress of sourcing new cattle and effectively rebuilding the business from scratch will have a massive

impact on affected farmers. Add to this the lingering cloud of uncertainty over the future of cattle on farms currently under restricted places notice, and sentiment in the affected areas is set to remain downcast for some time yet.

On a nationwide scale however, the impact on milk and beef supply will be much smaller. New Zealand's dairy herd is around 4.8 million, so the population to be culled accounts for around 0.5%. That's well within usual seasonal variation in the NZ dairy herd, which can change by 2-3% (in either direction) from season to season. Breaking it down to a regional level, it works out to be a little over 1% of the Otago, Canterbury and Southland herds combined. While processing capacity might be stretched temporarily at a regional level, there should be ample capacity nationwide to process the additional cow cull (what's more, farmers will be eventually looking to replace their herds, meaning some cattle that would have otherwise been culled won't be).

For the industry more broadly, the response highlights the importance of biosecurity to the New Zealand agriculture sector and the broader economy. It hasn't yet been confirmed how mycoplasma bovis entered New Zealand, but possibilities include imported cattle, semen or embryos, imported veterinary medicines, imported feed and used farm equipment.

Mycoplasma bovis is not the only imported threat which has emerged in New Zealand in recent years. Amongst others, bonamia ostreae has stopped oyster farming in Stewart Island, myrtle rust disease has emerged as a threat to iconic plants such as pohutukawa, Manuka and feijoa, and infestations of brown marmorated stink bug (a threat to a wide range of New Zealand crops) have resulted in

ships being turned away from New Zealand ports. While New Zealand's geographic isolation has meant challenges when it comes to trading with the rest of the world, being a small island nation which is difficult to get to has certainly had advantages when it comes to avoiding many of the plant and animal diseases the rest of the world has had to deal with. But, with increased mobility of people and goods, brings increased risks. These risks can never be eliminated, but they must be carefully managed and there are tradeoffs to consider. Although there are clearly benefits to strong biosecurity borders, strong cases can be made for many other activities that require government funding such as schools and hospitals. Ultimately, the industry and farmers themselves will need to remain vigilant to biosecurity risks, working together with government to protect New Zealand's agriculture sector.

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Senior Economist

GlobalDairyTrade Auction Results, 4 April 2018

	Change since last auction	Price index USD/Tonne
Anhydrous Milk Fat (AMF)	-7.0%	5,806
Butter	4.1%	5,494
Butter Milk Power (BMP)	1%	1,988
Cheddar	2.2%	3,679
Lactose	1.1%	549
Rennet Casein	12.1%	5,668
Skim Milk Powder (SMP)	-1.8%	1,849
Whole Milk Powder (WMP)	1.6%	3,278
GDT Price Index	-0.6%	1,036

Farmgate milk price forecasts

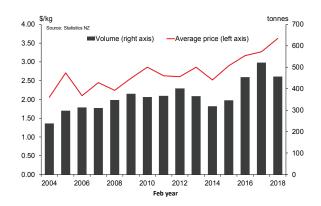
	2017/18		2018/19	
	Westpac	Fonterra	Westpac	
Milk Price	\$6.55	\$6.55	\$6.50	

Beyond the farm gate

Kiwifruit

	Current price level compared to 10 year average	Next 6 months
Trend	High	→

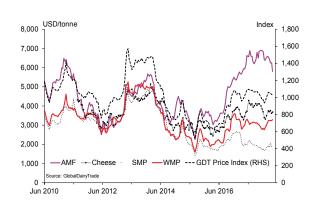
The New Zealand kiwifruit harvest has kicked off, with expectations of increased volumes on the back of favourable conditions for many growers. However, as for other parts of the horticulture sector there has been some concern whether they will be able to source the seasonal labour required for fruit picking. These issues aside, the outlook remains promising for kiwifruit growers. Gold yields in particular continue to increase with solid demand for the fruit from key Asian markets.



Dairy

		Current price level compared to 10 year average	Next 6 months
	Trend	Average	7

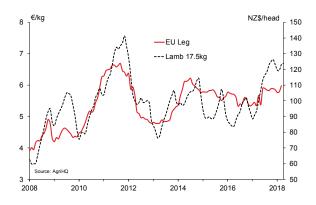
There were mixed results in last night's Global Dairy Trade auction. The headline price index edged lower for the forth consecutive auction, down 0.6%. However, this headline result was driven by a 7% fall in AMF prices. Skim milk powder prices were also weaker, falling 1.8%. However, prices for other commodities on offer, including whole milk powder (WMP), rose. WMP prices are now the highest they have been since January. This result was a little stronger than we had pencilled in. At this stage however, there's nothing in last night's outturn to shift our view that dairy prices are likely to moderate further in the coming months as demand growth from China eases from the very strong pace we've seen in recent months and global supply continues to track higher. For now, dairy markets continue to appear broadly balanced.



Lamb

	Current price level compared to 10 year average	Next 6 months
Trend	High	2

Lamb prices have been unusually strong for this time of year on the back of solid international demand for chilled product in the run up to an early Easter. However, demand for chilled product has also been strong on the back of tight global supplies. We expect prices to ease from current levels, but locally many famers still have plenty of feed and may continue to hold on to stock for longer.



Note: Trend arrows indicate direction of change in world prices.

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